

Fig.1 PRIOR ART

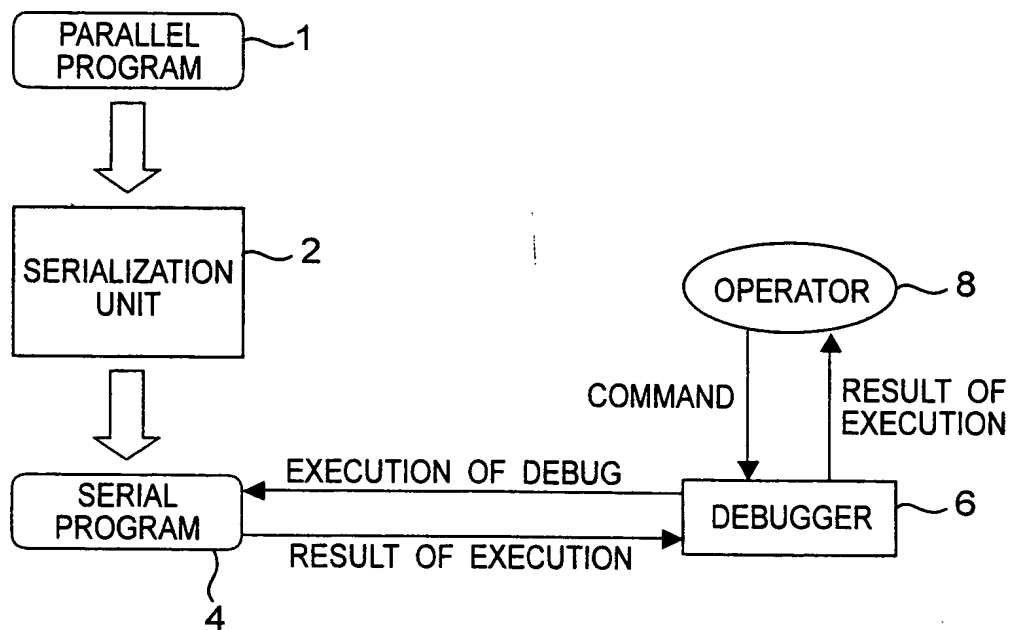


Fig.2 PRIOR ART

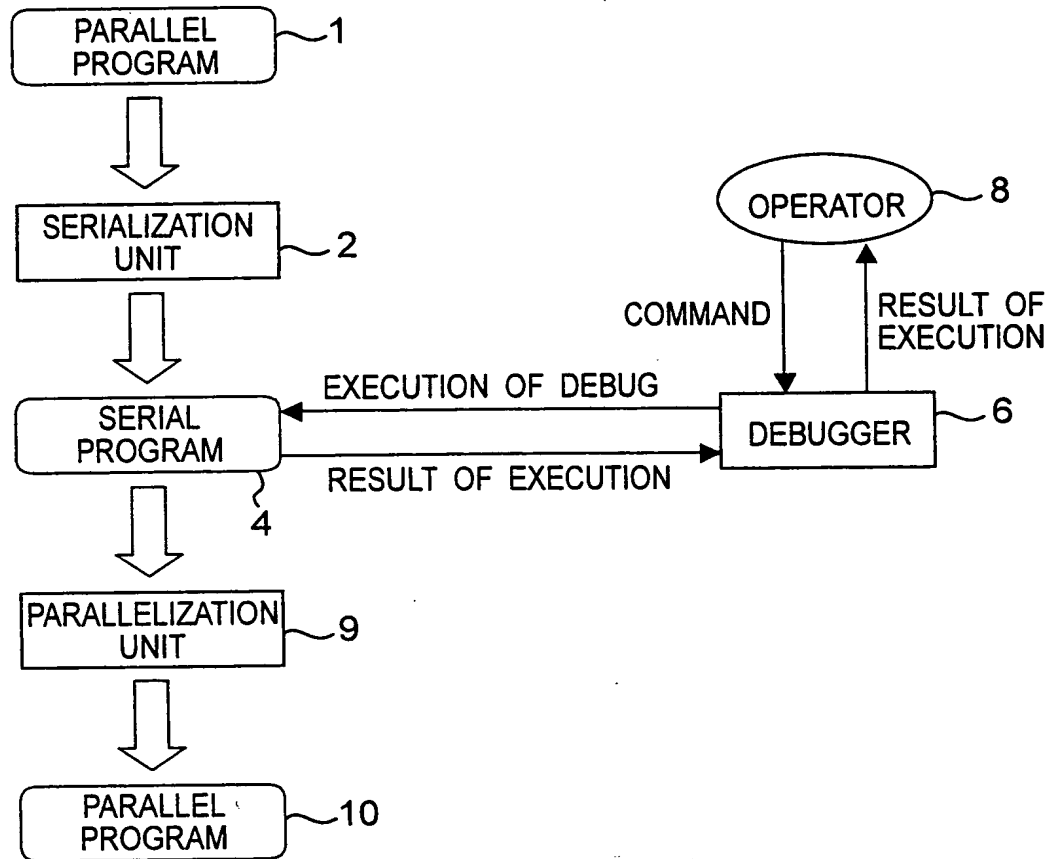


Fig.3

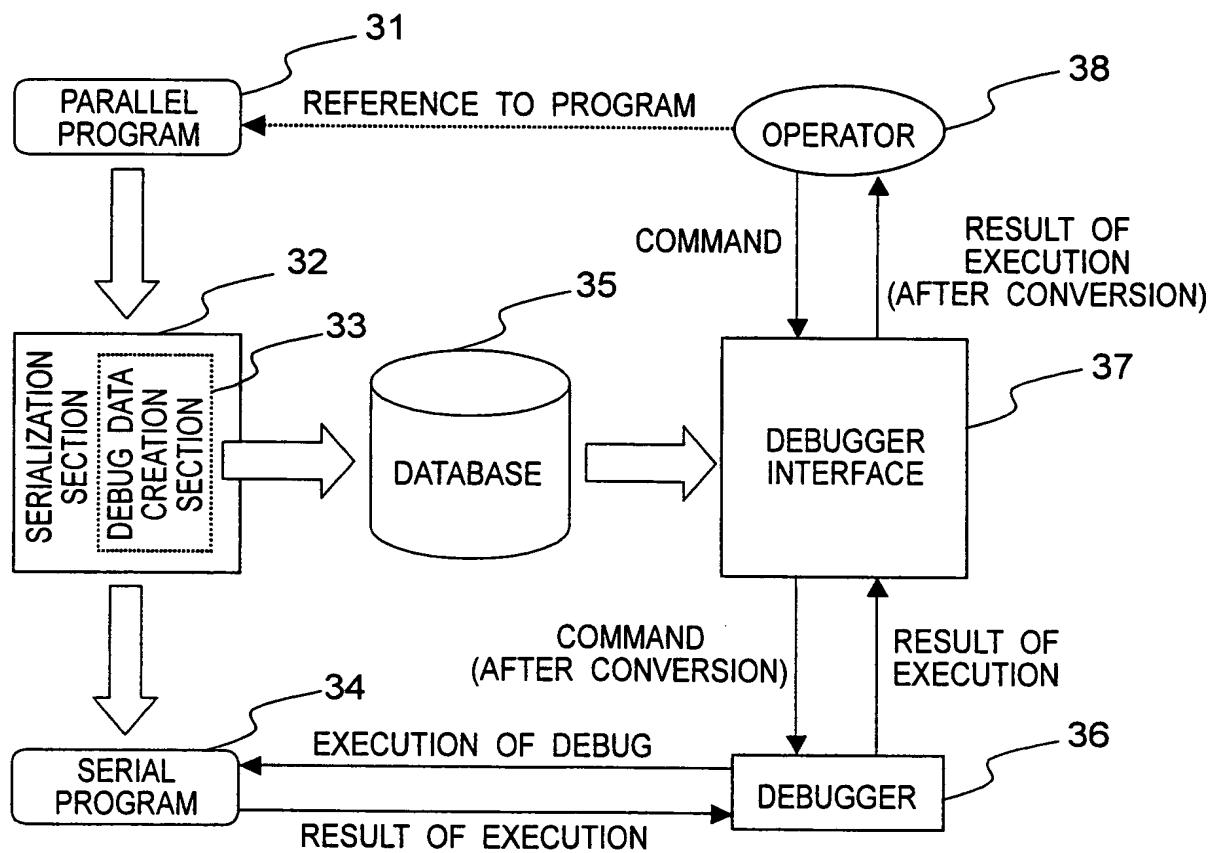


Fig.4

45

```
10 int result1, result2, result3;
11 par {
12     {
13         int i, k, sum_k=0;
14         for (i=1; i<=10; i++) {
15             k=i*2;
16             sum_k=sum_k+k;
17         }
18         result1=sum_k;
19     }
20     {
21         int i, k, sum_k=0;
22         for (i=1; i<=10; i++) {
23             k=i*i;
24             sum_k=sum_k+k;
25         }
26         result2=sum_k;
27     }
28 }
29 result3=result1+result2;
```

43

41

44

42

The diagram shows a code snippet for a parallel program. A large curly brace on the left, labeled '45', spans the entire code block from line 10 to line 29. The code starts with variable declarations on line 10, followed by a 'par' block on line 11. This block contains two parallel execution units, each enclosed in a dotted-line box. The first box, labeled '41', contains lines 12 through 19 and is also pointed to by label '43'. The second box, labeled '42', contains lines 20 through 27 and is pointed to by label '44'. Both boxes contain a loop that calculates a sum. After the 'par' block, line 28 closes the block, and line 29 calculates the final result. The code uses a 'par' keyword to indicate parallel execution of the two blocks.

Fig.5

55
54 53

```
100 int main_result1, main_result2, main_result3;  
101 int i_0, k_0, sum_k_0=0;  
102 int i_1, k_1, sum_k_1=0;  
103 int thread=THREAD_0;  
104 int state_0=STATE_0_0;  
105 int state_1=STATE_1_0;  
106  
107 while(!(state_0==FINISHED && state_1==FINISHED)) {  
108     switch (thread) {  
109         case THREAD_0:  
110             switch (state_0) {  
111                 case STATE_0_0:  
112                     i_0=1;  
113                     state_0=STATE_0_1;  
114                     break;  
115  
116                 case STATE_0_1:  
117                     k_0=i_0*2;  
118                     sum_k_0=sum_k_0+k_0;  
119                     i_0=i_0+1;  
120                     if (!(i_0<=10))  
121                         state_0=STATE_0_2;  
122                     break;  
123  
124                 case STATE_0_2:  
125                     main_result1=sum_k_0;  
126                     state_0=FINISHED;  
127             }  
128             thread=THREAD_1;  
129             break;  
130     }
```

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Fig.6

```
130
131 case THREAD_1:
132     switch (state_1) {
133     case STATE_1_0:
134         i_1=1;
135         state_1=STATE_1_1;
136         break;
137
138     case STATE_1_1:
139         k_1=i_1*i_1;
140         sum_k_1=sum_k_1+k_1;
141         i_1=i_1+1;
142         if (!(i_1<=10))
143             state_1=STATE_1_2;
144         break;
145
146     case STATE_1_2:
147         main_result2=sum_k_1;
148         state_1=FINISHED;
149     }
150     thread=THREAD_0;
151     break;
152 }
153 }
154
155 main_result3=main_result1+main_result2;
```

Fig. 7

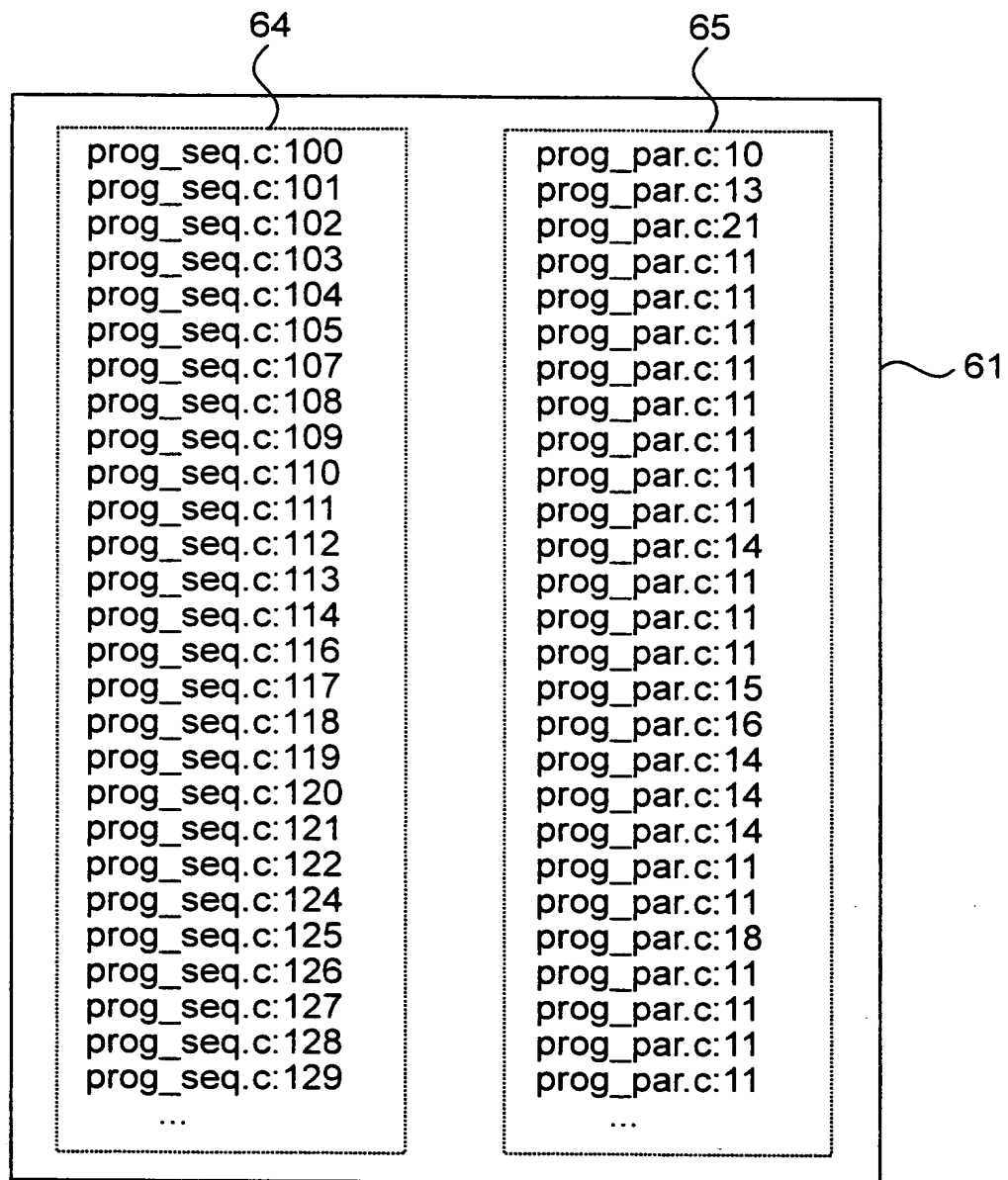


Fig.8

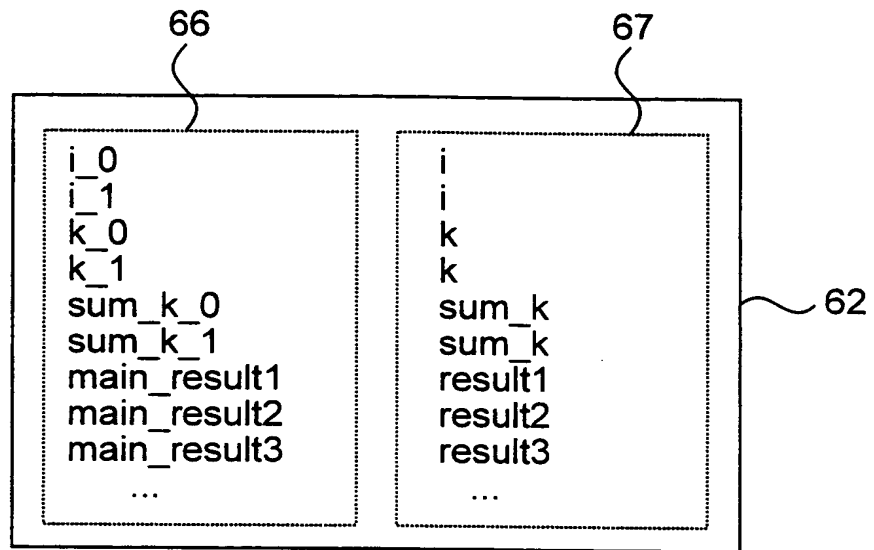


Fig.9

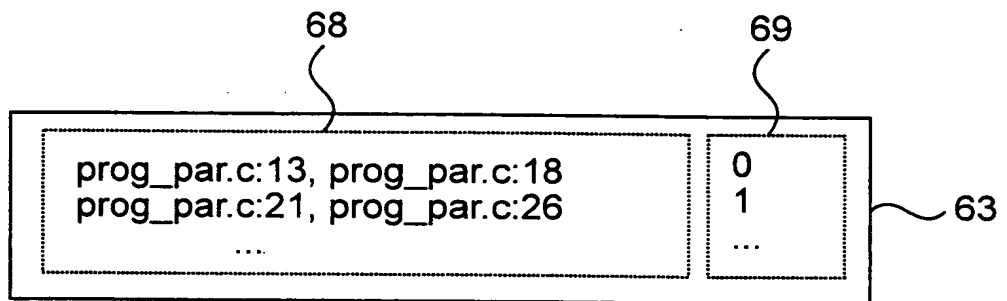


Fig. 10

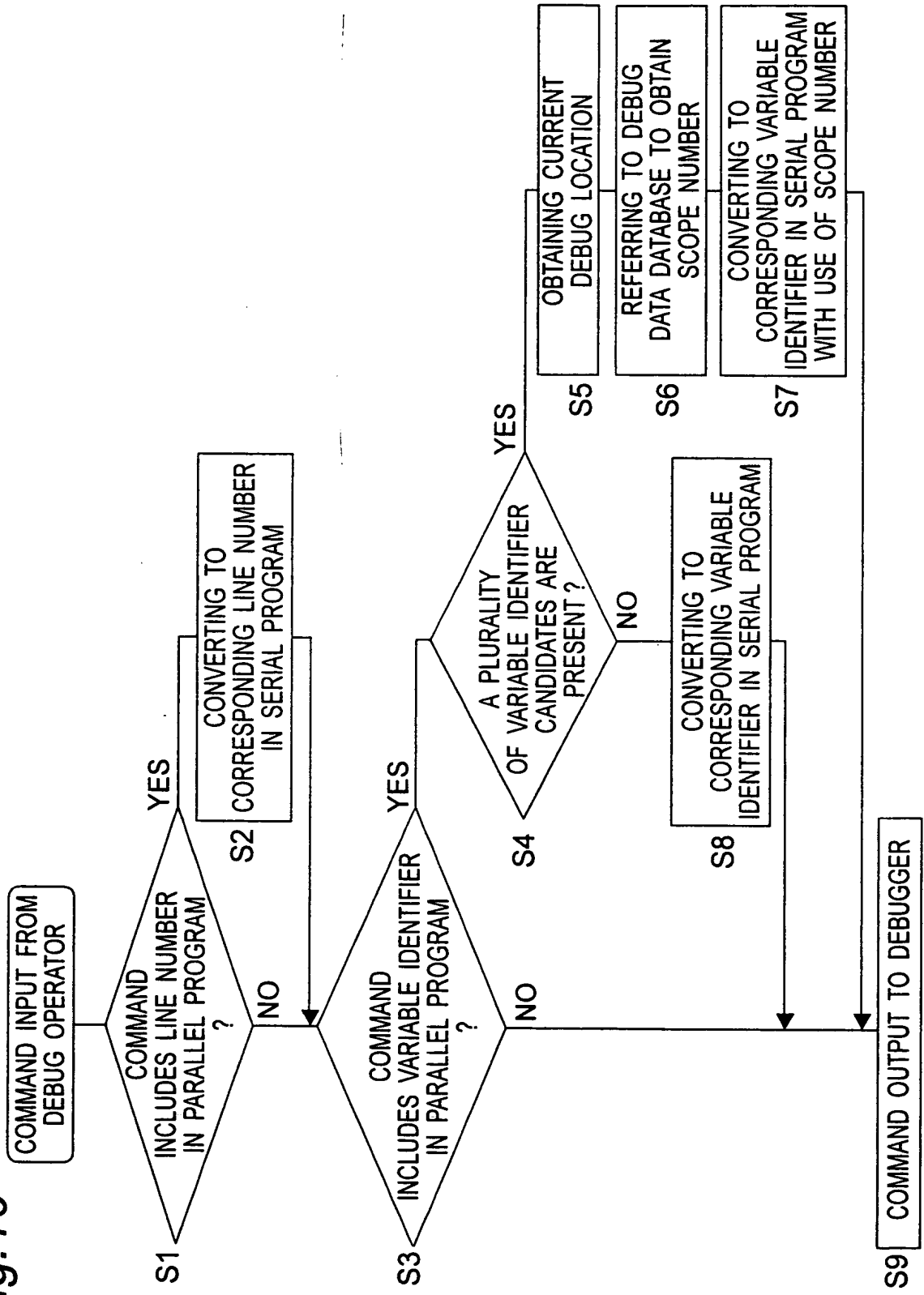


Fig. 11

